

Other Footwear Manufacturing: 2002

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2002 Economic Census

Manufacturing

Industry Series



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-- Not applicable for this report.

Table 1. Historical Statistics for the Industry: 2002 and Earlier Years

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Industry and year ¹	Com- panies ²	All estab- lish- ments ³	All employees		Production workers			Value added (\$1,000)	Total cost of materials (\$1,000)	Total value of shipments (\$1,000)	Total capital expendi- tures (\$1,000)
			Number ⁴	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number ⁴	Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)				
316219, Other footwear manufacturing 2002..	75	76	1 544	30 995	1 307	2 199	20 115	71 589	64 002	135 512	14 623
2001..	N	N	1 752	33 635	1 556	2 979	26 007	54 715	44 476	98 013	2 109
2000..	N	N	2 047	42 326	1 754	3 325	29 716	76 964	63 682	138 644	2 508
1999..	N	N	2 893	57 297	2 477	4 890	41 573	96 068	84 226	181 145	2 404
1998..	N	N	2 778	50 080	2 301	4 408	34 451	130 940	77 925	200 982	3 244
1997..	87	89	3 327	57 019	2 826	5 182	41 707	112 481	97 295	214 021	3 889

¹Statistics presented for years ending in 2 and 7 are census data. Interim census years are derived in a representative sample of manufacturing establishments canvassed in the Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM).

²For the census, a company is defined as a business organization consisting of one establishment or more under common ownership or control.

³Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

⁴Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain sampling errors and nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

Table 2. Industry Statistics for Selected States: 2002

[States that are a disclosure or with less than 100 employees are not shown. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, explanation of terms, and geographical definitions, see note at end of table. For information on geographic areas followed by *, see Appendix D. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Industry and geographic area	All establishments ²			All employees		Production workers			Value added (\$1,000)	Total cost of materials (\$1,000)	Total value of shipments (\$1,000)	Total capital expenditures (\$1,000)
	E ¹	Total	With 20 employees or more	Number ³	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number ³	Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)				
316219, Other footwear manufacturing												
United States.....	2	76	22	1 544	30 995	1 307	2 199	20 115	71 589	64 002	135 512	14 623
Texas	2	7	3	148	2 761	137	270	2 118	5 505	4 855	10 270	170

¹Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. This technique was also used for a small number of other establishments whose reports were not received at the time data were tabulated. The following symbols are shown where estimated data account for 10 percent or more of the figures shown: 1–10 to 19 percent; 2–20 to 29 percent; 3–30 to 39 percent; 4–40 to 49 percent; 5–50 to 59 percent; 6–60 to 69 percent; 7–70 to 79 percent; 8–80 to 89 percent; 9–90 percent or more.

²Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

³Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C. For geographical definitions, see Appendix D.

Table 3. Detailed Statistics by Industry: 2002

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Item	Value
316219, Other footwear manufacturing	
Companies ¹	number.. 75
All establishments ²	number.. 76
Establishments with 1 to 19 employees	number.. 54
Establishments with 20 to 99 employees	number.. 18
Establishments with 100 employees or more	number.. 4
All employees ³	number.. 1 544
Total compensation	\$1,000.. 36 802
Annual payroll	\$1,000.. 30 995
Total fringe benefits	\$1,000.. 5 807
Production workers, average for year	number.. 1 307
Production workers on March 12	number.. 1 340
Production workers on May 12	number.. 1 285
Production workers on August 12	number.. 1 225
Production workers on November 12	number.. 1 373
Production worker hours	1,000.. 2 199
Production worker wages	\$1,000.. 20 115
Total cost of materials	\$1,000.. 64 002
Materials, parts, containers, packaging, etc., used	\$1,000.. 54 392
Resales	\$1,000.. 6 506
Purchased fuels	\$1,000.. 225
Purchased electricity	\$1,000.. 949
Contract work	\$1,000.. 1 930
Quantity of electricity purchased for heat and power	1,000 kWh.. 13 849
Quantity of electricity generated less sold for heat and power	1,000 kWh.. -
Total value of shipments	\$1,000.. 135 512
Primary products value of shipments	\$1,000.. 125 261
Secondary products value of shipments	\$1,000.. D
Total miscellaneous receipts	\$1,000.. D
Value of resales	\$1,000.. 7 720
Contract receipts	\$1,000.. -
Other miscellaneous receipts	\$1,000.. D
Primary products specialization ratio	percent.. D
Value of primary products shipments made in all industries	\$1,000.. 144 395
Value of primary products shipments made in this industry	\$1,000.. 125 261
Value of primary products shipments made in other industries	\$1,000.. 19 134
Coverage ratio	percent.. 87
Value added	\$1,000.. 71 589
Total inventories, beginning of year	\$1,000.. 27 072
Finished goods inventories	\$1,000.. 14 698
Work-in-process inventories	\$1,000.. 3 821
Materials and supplies inventories	\$1,000.. 8 553
Total inventories, end of year	\$1,000.. 27 354
Finished goods inventories	\$1,000.. 14 554
Work-in-process inventories	\$1,000.. 4 044
Materials and supplies inventories	\$1,000.. 8 756
Gross value of depreciable assets (acquisition costs) at beginning of year	\$1,000.. '53 618
Total capital expenditures (new and used)	\$1,000.. '4 623
Buildings and other structures (new and used)	\$1,000.. '141
Machinery and equipment (new and used)	\$1,000.. '4 482
Automobiles, trucks, etc., for highway use	\$1,000.. '323
Computers and peripheral data processing equipment	\$1,000.. '504
All other expenditures for machinery and equipment	\$1,000.. '3 655
Total retirements	\$1,000.. '1 313
Gross value of depreciable assets at end of year	\$1,000.. '56 928
Depreciation charges during year	\$1,000.. '4 233
Total rental payments	\$1,000.. 2 324
Buildings and other structures	\$1,000.. 1 559
Machinery and equipment	\$1,000.. 765
Total other expenses ⁴	\$1,000.. 2 052
Response coverage ratio ⁵	percent.. 60
Repair and maintenance services of buildings and/or machinery ⁴	\$1,000.. 394
Communications services ⁴	\$1,000.. 167
Legal services ⁴	\$1,000.. 36
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping services ⁴	\$1,000.. 67
Advertising and promotional services ⁴	\$1,000.. 186
Expensed computer hardware and supplies and purchased computer services ⁴	\$1,000.. 179
Refuse removal (including hazardous waste) services ⁴	\$1,000.. 84
Management consulting and administrative services ⁴	\$1,000.. 65
Taxes and license fees ⁴	\$1,000.. 31
All other expenses ⁴	\$1,000.. 841

¹For the census, a company is defined as a business organization consisting of one establishment or more under common ownership or control.

²Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

³Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

⁴Based on 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM) sample data.

⁵A response coverage ratio is derived for this item by calculating the ratio of the weighted employment (establishment data multiplied by sample weight) for those Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM) establishments that reported to the weighted total employment for all ASM establishments classified in this industry.

Note 1: The amounts shown for other expenses reflect only those services that establishments purchase from other companies.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain sampling errors and nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

Table 4. Industry Statistics by Employment Size: 2002

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Employment size class	E ¹	All establishments ²	All employees		Production workers			Value added (\$1,000)	Total cost of materials (\$1,000)	Total value of shipments (\$1,000)	Total capital expenditures (\$1,000)
			Number ³	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number ³	Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)				
316219, Other footwear manufacturing											
All establishments	2	76	1 544	30 995	1 307	2 199	20 115	71 589	64 002	135 512	'4 623
Establishments with—											
1 to 4 employees	9	44	93	2 156	75	120	1 253	3 501	3 317	6 873	'49
5 to 9 employees	9	5	29	710	26	48	462	1 197	1 113	2 310	'21
10 to 19 employees	4	5	78	1 546	64	112	986	2 636	1 948	4 601	'30
20 to 49 employees	2	13	444	8 520	381	707	5 775	20 542	20 008	40 927	'361
50 to 99 employees	2	5	396	6 519	363	483	4 917	17 411	22 485	39 526	'847
100 to 249 employees	2	4	504	11 544	398	729	6 722	26 302	15 131	41 275	'3 315
250 to 499 employees	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 999 employees	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 2,499 employees	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2,500 employees or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Administrative records ⁴	9	46	325	7 400	277	485	4 765	12 372	11 444	23 811	'204

¹Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. This technique was also used for a small number of other establishments whose reports were not received at the time data were tabulated. The following symbols are shown where estimated data account for 10 percent or more of the figures shown: 1–10 to 19 percent; 2–20 to 29 percent; 3–30 to 39 percent; 4–40 to 49 percent; 5–50 to 59 percent; 6–60 to 69 percent; 7–70 to 79 percent; 8–80 to 89 percent; 9–90 percent or more.

²Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

³Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

⁴Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. Data are also included in respective size classes shown.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

Table 5. Industry Statistics by Primary Product Class Specialization: 2002

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Industry or product class code	Industry or primary product class	All establishments ¹	All employees		Production workers			Value added (\$1,000)	Total cost of materials (\$1,000)	Total value of shipments (\$1,000)	Total capital expenditures (\$1,000)
			Number ²	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number ²	Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)				
316219	Other footwear manufacturing	76	1 544	30 995	1 307	2 199	20 115	71 589	64 002	135 512	14 623
3162190	All other footwear, except rubber . . .	76	1 544	30 995	1 307	2 199	20 115	71 589	64 002	135 512	14 623

¹Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

²Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

Table 6a. **Products Statistics: 2002 and 1997**

[Includes quantity and value of products of this industry produced by (1) establishments classified in this industry (primary) and (2) establishments classified in other industries (secondary). Transfers of products of this industry from one establishment of a company to another establishment of the same company (interplant transfers) are also included. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Product code	Product	Number of companies with shipments of \$100,000 or more	Quantity of production for all purposes	Product shipments	
				Quantity	Value (\$1,000)
316219	Other footwear manufacturing .....2002..	N	X	X	144 395
	.....1997..	N	X	X	219 630
3162190	All other footwear, except rubber .....2002..	N	X	X	144 395
	.....1997..	N	X	X	219 630
31621903	Athletic shoes, except rubber sole-fabric upper .....2002..	N	X	X	25 344
	.....1997..	N	X	X	N
3162190311	Athletic shoes, (except rubber sole-fabric upper) whether for organized sports or street wear ¹ mil pairs..2002..	6	D	.9	25 344
	.....1997..	N	N	N	N
31621904	Non rubber athletic shoes .....2002..	N	X	X	110 116
	.....1997..	N	X	X	N
3162190411	All other footwear (including youths', boys', misses', children's, and infants' excluding rubber footwear and slippers) ¹ mil pairs..2002..	25	8.1	S	110 116
	.....1997..	N	N	N	N
3162190Y	All other footwear, except rubber, nsk, total .....2002..	N	X	X	8 935
	.....1997..	N	X	X	39 063
3162190YWW	All other footwear, except rubber, nsk, for nonadministrative-record establishments .....2002..	N	X	X	1 184
	.....1997..	N	X	X	28 155
3162190YWY	All other footwear, except rubber, nsk, for administrative-record establishments .....2002..	N	X	X	7 751
	.....1997..	N	X	X	10 908

¹For additional detail, see Current Industrial Report MA316A, Footwear.

Note 1: For some establishments, data have been estimated from central unit values that are based on quantity-value relationships of reported data. The following symbols are used when percentage of each quantity figure estimated in this manner equals or exceeds 10 percent of published figure: p-10 to 19 percent estimated; q-20 to 29 percent estimated. If 30 percent or more is estimated, figure is replaced by S.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

Table 6b. **Product Class Shipments for Selected States: 2002 and 1997**

[Not applicable for this report.]

Table 7. Materials Consumed by Kind: 2002 and 1997

[Includes quantity and cost of materials consumed or put into production by establishments classified only in this industry. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Material code	Material consumed	Quantity	Delivered cost (\$1,000)
316219	Other footwear manufacturing		
00900001	Total materials .....2002..	X	54 392
	.....1997..	X	78 261
31320003	Textile fabrics .....2002..	X	1 315
	.....1997..	X	1 868
32600055	Rubber and plastics shoe heels and soles .....2002..	X	1 999
	.....1997..	X	2 816
31611009	Finished upper leather mil sq ft..2002..	S	8 080
	.....1997..	16.6	22 843
31699903	Outer soles and innersoles of leather (finished soles and blockers) .....2002..	X	D
	.....1997..	X	1 837
31611011	Finished sole leather mil pairs..2002..	D	D
	.....1997..	1.6	3 777
31332001	Fabrics (plastics coated, impregnated, and laminated) .....2002..	X	D
	.....1997..	X	2 902
00970099	All other materials and components, parts, containers, and supplies .....2002..	X	25 970
	.....1997..	X	26 379
00971000	Materials, ingredients, containers, and supplies, nsk .....2002..	X	12 805
	.....1997..	X	15 839

Note 1: For some establishments, data have been estimated from central unit values that are based on quantity-value relationships of reported data. The following symbols are used when percentage of each quantity figure estimated in this manner equals or exceeds 10 percent of published figure: p-10 to 19 percent estimated; q-20 to 29 percent estimated. If 30 percent or more is estimated, figure is replaced by S.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.